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U.S.DEPARTMENT OF	F COMMÊRCE PATENT AND TRADÉMARK OFFICE ATTORNEYS DOCKET NUMBER	1
(REV 10-94)	OIPE 19120.8	1-1-1
- TRANSMITTAL LETTER	TO THE UNITED STATES & U.S. APPLICATION NO	- 1
DESIGNATED/ELECTED CONCERNING A FILING	OFFICE (DO/EO/US). JAN 2 3 2002 (10 / 031701	
CONCERUING A FIELING	UNDER SS C.S.C. ST	\dashv
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PCT/EP00/07159	NO. INTERNATIONAL MEMORATE PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED August 07, 1999	÷ -
TITLE OF INVENTION: BRUSH,	PARTICULARLY TOOTHBRUSH	
#Rey		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US	WEIHRAUCH, Georg	
Ä		- 1
Applicant herewith submits to the United State	es Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:	
This is a SECOND or SUBS This is an express request to examination until the expirate	of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371 EEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371 begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f) at any time rather than delay tion of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(f) ational Preliminary Examination was made by the 19 th month from the earliest claimed	
a is transmitted herewit b X has been transmitted t c is not required, as the A translation of the Internation	Application as filed (35 U.S.C.371(c)(2)). In (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). by the International Bureau. application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US) onal Application into English (35 U.S.C.371(c)(2)).	
a are transmitted herew	f the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)), with (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).— id by the International Bureau. however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. and will not be made.	
8. A translation of the amendment	ents to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C:371(c)(3)).	7 7
9. X An oath or declaration of the		-
A translation of the annexes (35 U.S.C.371(c)(5)).	to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36	
Items 11. to 16. below concern doc	ument(s) or information included:	
11. X An Information Disclosure S	Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.	
12. X An assignment document for	r recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.	
13. X_A FIRST preliminary amendA SECOND or SUBSEQUE		
14A substitute specification.		
15A change of power of attorn	ey and/or address letter.	
16. X Other items or information:	•	
	1. Form PCT/IB/308	
-	Return Postcard Conditional Petition to Revive	

INTERNATION PCT Bec'd 23 JAN 2002 ATTORNEYS DOCKET NUMBER lowing fees are submitted: BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1)-(5)): Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO but international search fee paid to USPTO.....\$740.00 Neither international preliminary examination fee nor international search fee paid to USPTO..... International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4).....\$100.00 ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT = 890 Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ___20 ___30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e). RATE CLAIMS NUMBER FILED NUMBER EXTRA Total claims 16 - 20 = X \$ 18.00 Independent claims X \$ 84.00 MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable) + \$ 280 2 890 TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. SUBTOTAL 890 Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than _____ 20 _ amonths from the earliest claimed priority date 890 TOTAL NATIONAL FEE Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be recompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property 40 TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED 930 Amount to he: refunded S charged S A check in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees is enclosed. b X Please charge my Deposit Account No. 50-0698 in the amount of \$ 930 to cover the above fees. c. X The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-0698 A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status. Please send all correspondence ATRMAIL.

Please send all correspondence by AIRMAIL to:

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Dr. Paul J. Vincent
NAME

37,461
REGISTRATION NUMBER

531 Park PUTT 23 JAN 2002

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: WEIHRAUCH, Georg) Examiner:
PCT Application No.: PCT/EP00/07159) unknown
PCT Filing Date: July 26, 2000) Art Unit:
For: BRUSH, PARTICULARLY) unknown
TOOTHBRUSH)

Docket No.: 19120.8

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231 U.S.A.

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Dear Sir:

Please enter this amendment prior to calculation of the filing fees. This amendment is based on the translation of the application as originally filed on July 26, 2000.

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

On page 1, insert as a title prior to the first paragraph --

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION --.

On page 5, insert as a title prior to the third paragraph --

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION --.

On page 9 insert as a title prior to the brief description of the drawings --

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING --.

On page 9 insert as a title following the brief description of the drawing --

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT --

On page 13, line 1, replace as a title "CLAIMS" with -- I CLAIM: --.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please delete claims 1 - 16 without prejudice and enter new claims 17 - 32 as indicated below:

17. A brush with a bristle carrier comprising:

a bristle stock;

a first layer of a first plastic material, said first layer facing said bristle stock, said first layer in at least one of direct and indirect communication with said bristle stock; and a second layer of a second plastic material differing from said first plastic material, said second layer facing away from said bristle stock, said second layer having openings closed at a peripheral region of said second layer, said openings being filled with said first plastic material, said second layer substantially parallel to said first layer, wherein said first and said second layers are procured by two-component injection molding.

- 18. The brush of claim 17, wherein a non-positive connection exists between walls of said openings of said second layer and said first plastic of said first layer filling said openings.
- 19. The brush of claim 17, wherein a positive connection exists between walls of said openings of said second layer and said first plastic of said first layer filling said openings.
- 20. The brush of claim 17, wherein an integral connection exists between the walls of said openings of said second

layer and said first plastic of said first layer filling said openings.

- 21. The brush of claim 17, wherein the bristle carrier flexibly gives way under forces acting on said bristle stock when the brush is in use.
- 22. The brush of claim 17, wherein a flexibility of the bristle carrier is adjustable through at least one of a thicknesses of said first layer, a thickness of said second layer, a choice of said first plastic and a choice of said second plastic.
- 23. The brush of claim 17, wherein a flexibility of the bristle carrier is adjustable through a number of said openings in said second layer.
- 24. The brush of claim 17, wherein a flexibility of the bristle carrier is adjustable through a size of said openings in said second layer.
- 25. The brush of claim 17, wherein a flexibility of the bristle carrier is adjustable through a shape of said openings in said second layer.
- 26. The brush of claim 17, wherein said openings have cylindrical walls.

- 27. The brush of claim 17, wherein said openings in said second layer have walls which diverge outwardly from said first layer.
- 28. The brush of claim 17, wherein said first material has a first color and said second material has a second color differing from said first color, said openings in said second layer facing away from said bristle stock having a contour which, in conjunction with said differently colored first and second plastics of said first and second layers, provides information for a user.
- 29. The brush of claim 17, wherein at least said first layer is formed from an elastomer to elastically support said bristle stock.
- 30. The brush of claim 29, wherein said elastomer layer is covered by a third layer of less flexible plastic through which bristles of said bristle stock pass.
- 31. The brush of claim 17, wherein the bristle carrier comprises three layers, with bristles of said bristle stock being fastened in at least one of an outer layer and a central layer.

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32. The brush of claim 17, wherein one of said first and said second layers is shorter in a longitudinal extension of the bristle carrier than another one of said first and said second layers, wherein said other one of said first and said second layers supplements said shorter layer over an entire length extension of the bristle carrier.

REMARKS

The amendments have been taken to adapt this application to United States practice. No new matter has been added.

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10/031701 531 Rec'd PCT 23 JAN 2002

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:	WEIHRAUCH, Georg)	Examiner
PCT Application No.:	PCT/EP00/07159)	unknown
PCT Filing Date:	July 26, 2000)	Art Unit
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17. A brush with a bristle carrier comprising:

a bristle stock;

a first layer of a first plastic material, said first layer facing said bristle stock, said first layer in at least one of direct and indirect communication with said bristle stock: and

a second layer of a second plastic material differing from said first plastic material, said second layer facing away from said bristle stock, said second layer having openings closed at a peripheral region of said second layer, said openings being filled with said first plastic material, said second layer substantially parallel to said first layer, wherein said first and said second layers are procured by twocomponent injection molding.

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19120.8

Translation of PCT/EP00/07159 as filed on July 26, 2000

BRUSH, PARTICULARLY TOOTHBRUSH

The invention relates to a brush having a bristle carrier comprising at least two substantially parallel layers of different plastics, produced using the two-component injection molding process, and with bristles fixed to at least one of the layers.

Brushes produced in a two-component injection molding process are known in numerous different constructional forms. There are several reasons for constructing the bristle carrier from two different plastics. Thus, it can be advantageous for cost reasons alone to make a larger part of the bristle carrier from an inexpensive plastic, with the remainder being made from a higher grade, more expensive plastic, in order to obtain a cost saving. The higher grade plastic mainly fulfils strength functions, but can also fulfil special use functions. In addition, the plastic carrying the bristles can be chosen as a function of the bristle fastening mode. Fastening can take place in pre-shaped holes by punching, by injection molding of the fastening side ends in the plastic of the bristle carrier, by welding onto the bristle carrier or using other thermoplastic or mechanical processes.

From the manufacturing and also use standpoints special demands are made in the case of small brushes, particularly toothbrushes. A large number of bristles must be housed in a comparatively small surface area in order to bring about the cleaning action on the teeth and optionally a massaging action of the gums combined therewith. In addition, the large number of bristles must be housed on a bristle carrier with a small volume, because the bristle carrier must take account of the very different space conditions in the mouth of the maximum number of users. This makes necessary a narrow, flat brush head. The bristles must also have a high extraction resistance, which should be as constant as possible for all the bristles, because detached bristles not only lead to unpleasant effects in the mouth through jamming in the interdental gaps, but can also constitute a health hazard if they enter the esophagus or digestive tract.

A toothbrush head is made from two components (DE 3628722 Al) e.g. in order to wholly or partly envelop the brush head part having the necessary strength characteristics, which is made from a rigid plastic, with a softer, rubber-like material, e.g. an elastomer in order to reduce the injury risk in the mouth as a result of sharp edges and the like. In particular a layer-wise structure is known, in which the rigid plastic of the brush head is covered on its narrow sides and underside with the elastomer and the bristles are exclusively connected by welding to the elastomer layer. Through the fastening of the bristles in the elastomer layer the bristles

also acquire a type of elastic mounting, which aids the sideways, elastic deflection of the bristles.

In another known construction (US 1 770195) the brush head of a hard material is integral with the handle and is completely surrounded by a rubber-like material provided on the bristle side with cup-shaped studs in which the bristle bundles are inserted, so as to acquire in this case again an additional springiness transversely to the bundle axis.

It is also known (US 5373602) to construct the brush head in two parts, one part integral with the handle material and having a shorter construction, with the front end of the head being supplemented by a second elastomer part, which also engages over the top of the hard part and covers the latter. This is in particular intended to permit a bending of the front head part with respect to the rigid, short head part. If the handle and rear head part are made from conventional rigid plastics such as PS, PP, etc., these two different plastics cannot be adequately firmly interconnected, or this can only be achieved with considerable effort and expenditure. Conventional two-component injection molding processes are excluded, because the two plastics form no integral connection.

In another known construction (EP 310482) the brush head made from rigid plastic and in one piece with the handle is surrounded on the narrow sides and brush head end by an elastomer, whereas the bristles are exclusively fixed to the surface of the rigid part left free. This naturally leads to a deterioration of the area usable for the bristle configuration. The adhesion of the elastomer part compared with the aforementioned construction is improved in that said part engages in cap-like manner at the front end over the brush head and is fixed by a supplementary heat treatment on which EP 314482 provides no information.

It is finally known (WO 97/20484) to give a narrower construction to the hard part of the brush head in one piece with the handle in the longitudinal axis of the head and to increase the size in the vicinity of the front end to the contour dimension of the head. The narrow part forms the carrier for a type of skeleton structure with cup-shaped receptacles for the bristle bundles, said receptacles being made from the same rigid plastic. These cup-shaped receptacles are injected round with an elastomer, whilst completing the contour of the head and said elastomer may optionally surround the entire hard or rigid part. The bristles are partly fixed in the hard central part and partly in the cup-shaped receptacles of the elastomeric marginal parts. The latter are consequently able to give way in a flexible manner. In the latter construction as a result of the multiple penetration of the hard and soft components a secure connection between the two plastics can be assumed, but the structure of the brush head is extremely complicated and complicated injection moulds are required and the brush head flexibility desired in the case of toothbrushes is only

obtained in the marginal areas and cannot be adapted to specific needs.

The problem of the invention, in the case of a brush, whose bristle carrier is made from different plastics, is to propose a construction which on the one hand permits an individual adaptation of flexibility to the particular requirements and on the other ensures a reliable and permanent connection between the two plastic components.

To solve this problem the invention is based on a brush having a bristle carrier comprising at least two substantially planar, parallel layers of different plastics produced in a two-component injection molding process, the bristles being fastened to at least one of the layers (DE 3628722). In a further development of this brush the problem of the invention is solved in that at least the bristle carrier layer remote from the bristles has openings, which are circumferentially closed and filled with the plastic of the other layer.

The invention firstly makes use of the clearly defined and relatively simple construction of the bristle carrier from substantially parallel layers offering for the at least two plastics large contact surfaces and correspondingly large adhesion surfaces as a consequence. In such a layer structure the use characteristics of the brush can be very precisely matched to the particular requirements without the need for complicated injection moulds for production purposes. It is

in particular possible to very precisely adapt the flexibility over the entire length of the brush head or partial areas thereof to the given needs, by the selection of the plastics used, by a corresponding geometry of the layers and in particular the layer thickness with respect to the moment of inertia decisive for bendability. The circumferentially closed openings, which are provided at least in the layer remote from the bristle side are filled with the plastic of the other layer in two-component injection molding. This leads to an increase in the size of the adhesion surface and at the same time a type of tenon joint between the two layers, so as to permit an adequately firm and reliable interconnection of plastics, which are otherwise difficult to join together. In addition, the circumferentially closed openings, which lead to a weakening of the layer in which they are located, can be used for adjusting to the particular requirements the flexibility of the bristle carrier through the shape, arrangement and number of the openings.

Between the edge of the openings of one layer and the plastic of the other layer filling the same there can be a nonpositive connection, which is particularly effective when the plastic of one layer, which penetrates the openings, expands during injection molding.

The non-positive connection can be supplemented or replaced by an integral connection, provided that the plastics of the at least two layers have sufficient affinity. Both the aforementioned connection types can be supplemented or replaced by a positive connection, in that the openings have undercuts.

In the case of brushes with a flexible bristle carrier, which gives way under the forces acting on the bristles when the brush is being used, according to the invention the flexibility can be adjusted by the thickness of the layers and the choice of the plastics forming them.

Instead of or in addition thereto the flexibility of the bristle carrier can be adjusted through the number and/or the shape or size of the circumferentially closed openings in one layer.

It is particularly advantageous to have slot-like openings running transversely to the longitudinal axis of the bristle carrier and which are marginally closed. With such a construction there is mainly a non-positive and optionally also a positive connection of the two plastics in the vicinity of the opening.

Instead of this the openings in one layer can also have a wall diverging from the interface between the two layers so as to form an undercut, which leads to a positive connection. During injection molding the plastic of one layer filling the openings can, as desired, be injected on from one or other side.

The invention also provides the possibility of giving the openings in the layer remote from the bristles and forming the back of the bristle carrier a contour which, in conjunction with the differently colored plastics for the two layers, forms an information medium for the user. For example, it can be a color indicator for the type of bristles, e.g. their hardness, letters with information for the user, information in the form of ordering means or the like

According to a preferred development, at least the layer carrying the bristles is formed from an elastomer and said layer elastically supports the bristles. In this case, the bristles are preferably anchored in the elastomer layer by welding or injection molding.

Advantageously the elastomer layer carrying the bristles is covered by a layer of a less flexible plastic through which the bristles pass. It can be a relatively thin layer, which in conjunction with the bristles welded or injection molded into the elastomer layer additionally increases the extraction resistance.

With such a three-layer structure the bristles can be located in only one or in two adjacent layers, as desired. In addition, one part of the bristles can be fastened in one layer and another part in the two adjacent layers. The invention is described in greater detail hereinafter relative to embodiments and the attached drawings, wherein show:

- Fig. 1 A longitudinal section through a toothbrush head in a first embodiment
- Fig. 2 A plan view of the toothbrush head of Fig. 1.
- Fig. 3 A section similar to Fig. I through another embodiment.
- Fig. 4 A section similar to Fig. I through a further embodiment.
- Fig. 5a A longitudinal section through a toothbrush head in a three-layer construction.
- Fig. 5b A section corresponding to Fig. 5a of a modified construction.
- Fig. 6 A side view of a toothbrush head in a modified construction.
- Fig. 7 A longitudinal section corresponding to Fig. I through a further embodiment.

The toothbrush shown in only detail form in the drawings has a handle 1 and a head serving as the bristle carrier 2 and on

which the bristles 3 are located in the form of bundles 3a, areas or in individual standing manner 3b. In the embodiment shown the bristle carrier 2 comprises two substantially parallel layers 4 and 5, whereof the layer 4 is made from a comparatively rigid plastic, whereas the layer 5 is e.g. formed from a rubber-like plastic, particularly an elastomer. The bristles 3 are fastened, e.g. by welding, injection molding or the like in said soft layer 5.

The layer 4, which is in one piece with the handle 1, and the layer 5 can be produced in a single or in two successive injection moulds using so-called two-component injection molding. In order to enlarge the adhesion surface between the two layers 4 and 5, the bristle carrier 2 has openings 6 which, as shown in Fig. 2, are circumferentially closed and e.g. have a slot-like construction which are penetrated by the plastic of the other layer 5 during injection molding. As shown in Fig. 1, the openings 6 can widen conically outwards, so that the layer 5 is firmly anchored in layer 4.

Through the shaping, number and arrangement of the openings 6 it is possible to adjust the flexibility of the entire brush head of layer 4 and layer 5 to the given needs.

The embodiment according to Fig. 3 differs from that according to Fig. 1 only in that the interface 7 between the two layers 4, 5 is corrugated or studded, but both layers are still substantially parallel to one another. In the area of the top of the wavy interface 7 are located the openings 6

penetrated by the plastic of layer 5 during injection molding. In the area of said top can also be embedded the bristles 3 or bristle bundles in order to ensure a maximum embedding depth. In conjunction with the plastic filling the openings a particularly high extraction resistance is obtained.

The embodiment of Fig. 4 differs from that of Fig. 1 in that the layer 5 receiving the bristles 3 has a wavy or corrugated surface. The bristles 3 combined into bundles 3a are fastened in alignment with the openings in the area of the valleys of the wave profile or local depressions 8, in order to obtain an adequate extraction resistance with comparatively thin layers 4 and 5. Individual bristles 3b are fastened in the vicinity of the wave top or in the thicker areas of the layer 5.

In the embodiment of Figs. 5a and 5b the bristle carrier 2 is constructed from three layers, namely the layer 4, which is once again in one piece with the handle 1 and can be made from a more rigid plastic, a central layer 10 and a lower layer 11, which can optionally be made from the same plastic as the layer 4, whilst the central layer 10 is e.g. formed by an elastomer. The bristles 3 can either be fastened solely in the lower layer 11, as indicated by the bundle 12, or can extend into the central layer 10, as indicated by the bundles 13. It is finally possible for the bristles 3 to be inserted into the upper layer 4, in the manner of the bristles 14.

In the embodiment according to Fig. 5a the upper layer 4 and lower layer 11 in each case have outwardly widening openings 6 penetrated by the plastic of the central layer 10, whereas in the embodiment according to Fig. 5b the central layer only has openings 15 through which penetrates the plastic of the upper layer 11 into the openings 6 of the upper layer 4. The individual bristles 3b can be anchored in one or more layers so as to fill the openings.

In the embodiment according to Fig. 6 the bristle carrier 2 comprises the layer 4, which is one piece with the handle, but only extends over part of the length of the bristle carrier 2, and the layer 5, which engages below the layer 4 and simultaneously forms the front area 9 of the bristle carrier 2. The layer 4 once again has the openings 6 penetrated by the plastic from the overlapping part of the layer 5. The bristles 3 are exclusively fastened in the layer 5 in the part overlapping the layer 4 and in the part 9 forming the front end.

In the embodiment according to Fig. 7 the bristle carrier 2 once again comprises the layers 4 and 5 and in this case the layer 5 has openings 16 and the plastic of layer 4 penetrates or passes through said openings. In the resulting pin-like projections 17 are inserted the bristles 3 e.g. by punching, injection molding or fastened in some other way. In the embodiment shown the layer 4 is also provided with openings 6 penetrated by the plastic of layer 5.

CLAIMS

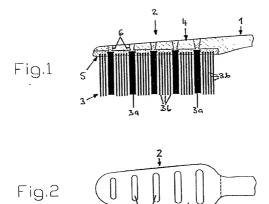
- 1. Brush with a bristle carrier comprising at least two substantially parallel layers of different plastics produced in the two-component injection molding process and with bristles fastened to at least one of the layers, characterized in that at least the layer (4) of the bristle carrier (2) remote from the bristles (3) has openings (6), which are circumferentially closed and filled with the plastic of the other layer (5).
- Brush according to claim 1, characterized in that a non-positive connection exists between the wall of the openings (6) of one layer (4) and the plastic of the other layer (5) filling the same.
- 3. Brush according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that a positive connection exists between the wall of the opening (6) of one layer (4) and the plastic of the other layer (5) filling the same.
- 4. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 3, characterized in that an integral connection exists between the wall of the opening (6) of one layer (4) and the plastic of the other layer (5) filling the same.
- Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the bristle carrier (2) flexibly

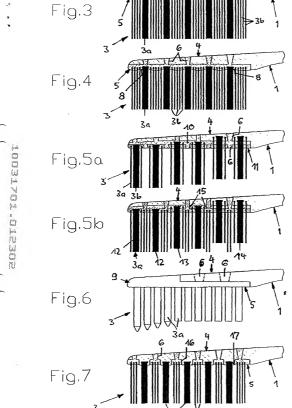
gives way under forces acting on the bristles (3) when the brush is in use.

- 6. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the flexibility of the bristle carrier (2) is adjustable through the thickness of the layers (4, 5) and the choice of the plastics forming the same.
- 7. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 6, characterized in that the flexibility of the bristle carrier (2) is adjustable through the number of circumferentially closed openings (6) in one layer (4).
- 8. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 7, characterized in that the flexibility of the bristle carrier (2) is adjustable through the size of the circumferentially closed openings (6) in one layer (4).
- 9. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 8, characterized in that the flexibility of the bristle carrier (2) is adjustable through the shape of the circumferentially closed openings (6) in one layer (4).
- 10. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 9, characterized in that the openings (6) have a cylindrical wall.

- 11. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 9, characterized in that the openings (6) in one layer (4) have a wall, which diverges outwards from the other layer (5).
- 12. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 9, characterized in that the openings (6) in the layer (4) remote from the bristles (3) have a contour, which in conjunction with the differently colored plastics of the two layers (4, 5) forms an information medium for the user.
- 13. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 12, characterized in that at least the layer (5) carrying the bristles (3) is formed from an elastomer and said layer elastically supports the bristles (3).
- 14. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 13, characterized in that the elastomer layer (5) carrying the bristles (3) is covered by a layer (11) of less flexible plastic through which pass the bristles (3).
- 15. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 14, characterized in that when the bristle carrier is constructed from three layers (4, 5, 11), the bristles (3) are fastened in one of the outer ,layers (4, 11) and/or in the central layer (10).

16. Brush according to one of the claims 1 to 15, characterized in that one (4) of at least two layers (4, 5) is shorter in the longitudinal extension of the bristle carrier (2) and the other layer (5) supplements the first layer (4) over the entire length extension.





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COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY (Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)

ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER

,		ow named inventor, I hereby declare that: lence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,
	inventor	I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought vention entitled.
	Brush	, particularly toothbrush
	the speci	ification of which (check only one item below):
		is attached hereto.
		was filed as United States application
		Serial No.
		on,
ļ.		and was amended
		on (if applicable)
u		was filed as PCT international application
enie		Number PCT/EP00/07159
O		on26. Juli 2000
and a		and was amended under PCT Article 19
Ö		on (if applicable)
H	I hereby	state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the as amended by any amendment referred to above.
C)	preparat	wledge the duty to disclose information which is known to me or other person(s) involved in the ion or prosecution of this application to be material to the examination of this application and to illity as defined in Title 37. Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

as to any action taken in the Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication

I hereby authorize the U.S. attorney or agent named herein to accept and follow instructions from

as to any action taken in the Patent and Irademark Office regarding into application without inect continuous abstract the U.S. attorney or agent and the undersigned. In the event of a change in the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. attorney or agent named herein will be so notified by the undersigned.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other that the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLICATION(S) AND ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119

COUNTRY (if PCT, Indicate "PCT")	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (Cay, mornh, year)	PRIORITY UNDER 3	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 USC 119	
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Combined Declaration For Patent Application a (Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)				and Power of Attorney (Continued)			ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER	
internation matter of by the fir defined	onal application feach of the cla rst paragraph of in Title 37, Co	(s) designating tims of this app Title 35, Unite ode of Federal	the United State lication is not of d States Code, Regulations,	States Code, §120 of any less of America that is/are itsclosed in that/those pric §112, I acknowledge the §1.56(a) which occurred any date of this application:	listed below and, or application(s) in duty to disclose m between the fili	insofar as the the manner aterial information	e subject provided nation as	
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OF INVENTOR	Weihraud	ch	Geor	g				
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FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME			VEN NAME		SECOND GIVEN NAME		
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